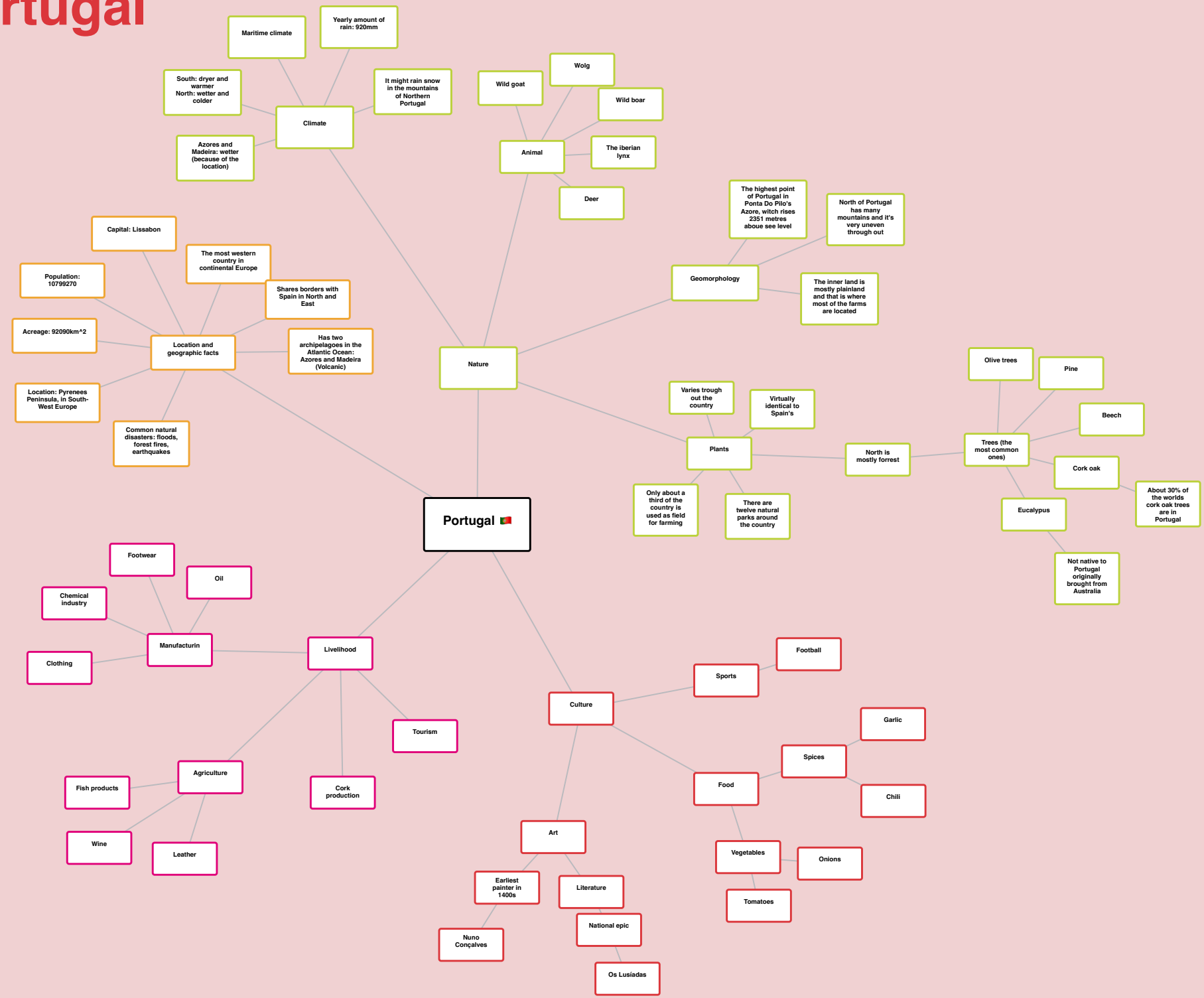
# Portugal


Portugal
Nature
Climate
Maritime climate
Yearly amount of rain: 920mm
It might rain snow in the mountains of Northern Portugal
South: dryer and warmer
North: wetter and colder
Azores and Madeira: wetter (because of the location)
Animal
Wild goat
Wolg
Wild boar
The iberian lynx
Deer
Geomorphology
The highest point of Portugal in Ponta Do Pilo's Azore, witch rises 2351 metres aboue see level
North of Portugal has many mountains and it's very uneven through out
The inner land is mostly plainland and that is where most of the farms are located
Plants
Varies trough out the country
Virtually identical to Spain's
Only about a third of the country is used as field for farming
There are twelve natural parks around the country
North is mostly forrest
Trees (the most common ones)
Olive trees
Pine
Beech
Cork oak
About 30% of the worlds cork oak trees are in Portugal
Eucalypus
Not native to Portugal originally brought from Australia
Location and geographic facts
Capital: Lissabon
The most western country in continental Europe
Population: 10799270
Shares borders with Spain in North and East
Acreage: 92090km^2
Has two archipelagoes in the Atlantic Ocean: Azores and Madeira (Volcanic)
Location: Pyrenees Peninsula, in South-West Europe
Common natural disasters: floods, forest fires, earthquakes
Livelihood
Manufacturin
Footwear
Oil
Chemical industry
Clothing
Agriculture
Fish products
Wine
Leather
Cork production
Tourism
Culture
Sports
Football
Food
Spices
Garlic
Chili
Vegetables
Onions
Tomatoes
Art
Earliest painter in 1400s
Nuno Conçalves
Literature
National epic
Os Lusiadas